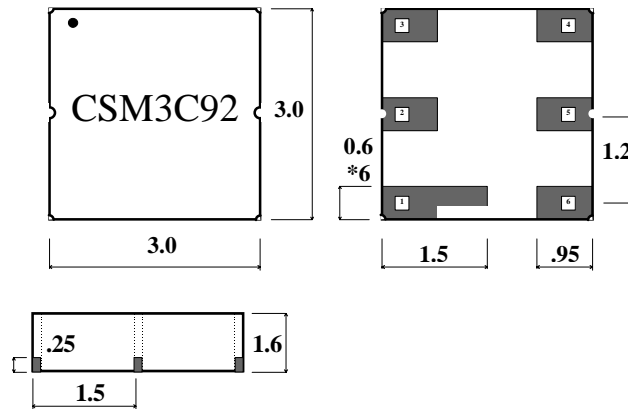


# CSM 3C92

## Small Outline Surface Mount Optocoupler Transistor Output Device



Isocom Ltd supplies high reliability devices for applications requiring an operating temperature range of  $-55^{\circ}\text{C}$  to  $+125^{\circ}\text{C}$  (e.g. military applications).

Devices supplied are approved to BS9400, and have completed rigorous testing. Various high reliability test options are offered.

As a manufacturer of high reliability optocouplers, the Isocom Ltd manufacturing plant in the North East of England has site approval to BS9000 (registration number 1294/M) and CECC20000 (registration number M/1084/CECC/UK) issued by the British Standards Institution.

Together with CECC, BS9000 is a preferred standard for use in European military projects. Consequently, Isocom Ltd's approved devices are listed in the CECC "MUAHAG" preferred products list.

The BS9000 approval is also recognised as meeting the equivalent criteria to those required by BS5750/IS09000/EN29000.

The Company's customers can be assured of our commitment to stringent quality, reliability and inspection standards, as demonstrated by our existing approvals. Other customer specific options can also be offered.

Features	Applications	
Hermetically sealed 6 pad assembly leadless chip carrier Replacement for 3C92	High density surface mount	
High Radiance LED	Military high rel. systems	
Silicon phototransistor	Switch mode power supplies	
Suitable for hybrid sub assembly mounting	Medical instruments	
High radiation immunity	System test equipment	
Low input current	Signal transmission between circuit of different potential and impedance	

## Description

The CSM3C92 is a single channel device in a small outline package suitable for mounting in surface mount assemblies. The device incorporates a high radiance LED and silicon phototransistor. The isolator operational parameters are guaranteed from  $-55^{\circ}\text{C}$  to  $+125^{\circ}\text{C}$ .

## Absolute Maximum Ratings

Storage temperature .....  $-65^{\circ}\text{C}$  to  $+150^{\circ}\text{C}$   
 Operating temperature .....  $-55^{\circ}\text{C}$  to  $+125^{\circ}\text{C}$   
 Input-to-output isolation voltage .....  $\pm 1500\text{V DC}$

## Input Diode

Forward DC current ..... 50mA  
 Reverse DC voltage ..... 7V  
 Peak forward current ..... 1.5A  
 (t= 10 $\mu\text{s}$  duration)  
 Power Dissipation ..... 150mW

## Output Transistor

Collector-emitter voltage  $BV_{\text{CEO}}$  ..... 40V  
 Emitter-collector voltage  $BV_{\text{ECO}}$  ..... 7V  
 Collector current ..... 20mA  
 Collector current (t = 1ms) ..... 100mA  
 Power Dissipation ..... 100mW  
 (derate linearly above  $100^{\circ}\text{C}$  at  $1.4\text{mW}/^{\circ}\text{C}$ )

## Electrical Characteristics ( $T_A = -55$ to $125^{\circ}\text{C}$ U.O.S) \*All typical values at $T_A = 25^{\circ}\text{C}$

parameter	symbol	Test Conditions	min	*typ	max	Units
Forward voltage	$V_F$	$I_F=10\text{mA}$	0.7	1.2	1.5	V
		$I_F=10\text{mA}$ $T_A=125^{\circ}\text{C}$	0.7	1.10	1.3	V
		$I_F=10\text{mA}$ $T_A=-55^{\circ}\text{C}$	0.7	1.3	1.6	V
Reverse Current	$I_R$	$V_R=3.0\text{V}$	-	10		$\mu\text{A}$
Collector-emitter breakdown voltage	$BV_{\text{CEO}}$	$I_C=1\text{mA}$	40		-	V
Emitter-collector breakdown voltage	$BV_{\text{ECO}}$	$I_E=100\mu\text{A}$	7			V
Collector-emitter leakage current	$I_{\text{CEO}}$	$V_{\text{CE}}=20\text{V}$ , $I_F=0$		7	100	nA
Collector-emitter leakage current	$I_{\text{CEO}}$	$V_{\text{CE}}=20\text{V}$ , $I_F=0$ , $T_A=125^{\circ}\text{C}$		10	100	nA
DC current transfer ratio	C.T.R	$I_F=10\text{mA}$ , $V_{\text{CE}}=5\text{V}$	50		-	%
DC current transfer ratio	C.T.R	$I_F=10\text{mA}$ , $V_{\text{CE}}=5\text{V}$ , $T_A=125^{\circ}\text{C}$	25			%
DC current transfer ratio	C.T.R	$I_F=10\text{mA}$ , $V_{\text{CE}}=5\text{V}$ , $T_A=-55^{\circ}\text{C}$	35			%
Collector-emitter saturation voltage	$V_{\text{CE}}^{(\text{SAT})}$	$I_F=10\text{mA}$ , $I_C=2.5\text{mA}$			0.3	V
Input to output resistance	$R_{\text{VO}}$	$V_{\text{I/O}}=500\text{V}$		$10^{11}$		
Isolation voltage	$V_{\text{VO}}$		1500			DC
Turn-on time	$t_{\text{on}}$	$R_L=1\text{K}\Omega$ , $I_F=5\text{mA}$		9	20	$\mu\text{S}$
Turn-off time	$t_{\text{off}}$	$V_{\text{CC}}=5\text{V}$		24	60	$\mu\text{S}$